

Nominal and modifiers	
Pronouns	Object pronouns Use of the pronoun 'one' Interrogative words 'How much' - 'How many' Possessive pronouns Relative pronouns and adverbs Words ending in 'ever' The indefinite possessive
Nouns	Construction of compound nouns Use of compound nouns Nouns without singular forms Uncountable nouns which may take 'a'
Adjectives	Compound adjectives Use of the past participle as an adjective Adjectives ending in -ing Verbs expressing impressions and feelings
Determiners	Definite and indefinite articles Demonstratives 'Some' - 'Any' The use and omission of 'the' 'Few' - 'A few' - 'Many' 'Little' - 'A little' - 'Much' More uses of the possessive 'A little' - 'A bit' Different meanings of 'all'
Mood, voices and auxiliaries	
Mood and tenses	Contraction of 'to be' The present continuous The simple present and the present continuous The verb 'to have' The future The affirmative imperative Verbs: reactions and preferences 'Will' - 'To be going to' Irregular verbs Construction of the preterite Use of the preterite Use of the present perfect Construction of the present perfect continuous Use of the present perfect continuous 'Would like': expressing wishes 'To go' and 'to come' + infinitive Anaphoric 'to' Construction of the present conditional Use of the present conditional The present subjunctive 'Shall' The perfect conditional Verbs without a continuous form Verbs without a continuous form: exceptions 'To be' and 'to have': preterite Past perfect Expressions with the present perfect The past subjunctive Verbs expressing a wish to act Verbs introducing a second action
Voice	Construction of the passive Use of the passive

	Active and passive voice
Auxiliaries	Auxiliaries Modal auxiliaries
The sentence	
Affirmative, negative sentences, word order	The negative form Negation of the indefinite article Emphatic 'do'
Questions	Questions without interrogative words Past interrogatives Question-tags Direct and indirect questions
Short answers	Tags - Short answers
Exclamatory sentences	-
Comparisons	Comparing equals 'As much as' - 'As many as' Regular comparatives Irregular comparatives Similarity: 'like' and 'as' Reinforcing the comparative Degrees of qualification
Relative clauses	-
Direct indirect speech	The sequence of tenses
Infinitive clauses	Verb + infinitive clause
Dependent clauses	Use of 'so' to express a goal 'That' and dependent clauses Sequence of tenses with 'if'
The impersonal structure	The impersonal structure
The verbal group	
Type of verbs	Transitive and intransitive verbs
Verbal prefixes	The main postpositions
Semi-auxiliaries	'Should' and 'ought to': advice Strong probability using 'must' 'May' - 'Might' 'Must' - 'Have to' Absence of necessity Near certainty in the past
Other notions	'To make sb do sth' - 'To have sth done'
Linking words	
Prepositions	Prepositions of place Final prepositions The prepositions 'in' and 'at' The notion of means Different meanings of 'since'
Adverbs	'Too' - 'Too much' Adverbs of time 'Also' - 'As well' - 'Too' Relative pronouns and adverbs 'Still' - 'Yet' 'Yet' - 'Not yet' 'Ever' - 'Never' Placement of 'enough' 'Here' - 'There' The place of 'even' 'Quite' - 'Quite a few'
Conjunctions	-
Vocabulary	
The basics	Nationalities: capital letters



Grammar-Vocabulary WORKBOOK

B1 INTERMEDIATE+ (3 / 3)

TELLMEMORE

	'Hour' - 'Time' - 'O'clock' American money
Specific topics	'To let' 'To write' Expression of preference
Words and expressions	'To be left' - 'To have left' 'To hope' + dependent clause 'Kind of' followed by a noun
Not to be confused	'At last' - 'At least' 'For' - 'Since' - 'Ago' 'Next' - 'The next' 'For how long' - 'Since when' 'To remember' - 'To remind'

